

GIA REPORT *****84140

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GIA NATURAL DIAMOND GRADING REPORT

August 28, 2025 GIA Report Number******84140 Shape and Cutting Style Pear Brilliant

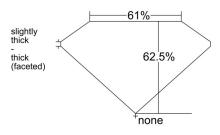
GRADING RESULTS

Carat Weight	. 4.08 carat
Color Grade	D
Clarity Grade	Flawless

ADDITIONAL GRADING INFORMATION

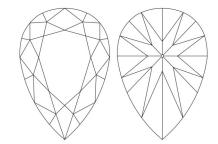
Polish	Excellent
Symmetry	Excellent
Fluorescence	None
Inscription(s): GIA ****84140	

PROPORTIONS



Profile not to actual proportions

CLARITY CHARACTERISTICS



FACSIMILE

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GRADING SCALES

GIA COLOR SCALE		GIA CLARITY SCALE
D		
E		FLAWLESS
F		INTERNALLY
G		FLAWLESS
Н	2	
I	VERY VERY Slightly included	VVS,
J	Y VER	
K	LUBED	VVS ₂
L		
М	VER:	VS ₁
N	VERY SLIGHTLY Included	
0	ם אדרא	VS ₂
P		
Q	SLIGHTLY INCLUDED	SI,
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August 27, 2025

DIAMOND TYPE CLASSIFICATION FOR GIA DIAMOND GRADING REPORT #****84140

Scientists classify diamonds into two main "types" - type I and type II - based on the presence or absence of nitrogen which can replace carbon atoms in a diamond's atomic structure. These two diamond types can be distinguished on the basis of differences in their chemical and physical properties. Type I diamonds contain small amounts of nitrogen and they are subdivided into two groups (Ia and Ib) based on how the nitrogen occurs in the diamond's atomic structure. When the nitrogen atoms are aggregated in the structure, the diamond is classified as type Ia.



According to the records of the GIA Laboratory, the 4.08 carat Pear Brilliant diamond described in GIA Diamond Grading Report #*****84140 has been determined to be a **type la** diamond. Type la diamonds are the most commonly encountered diamond type and occurs in a range of colors from near-colorless to yellow and brown. Because of their historic occurrence in South Africa, type la diamonds are often called "Cape" diamonds. Today, diamonds of this type have been found in all major diamond-producing regions of the world.

Among famous gem diamonds, the 127.00 carat Portuguese and the 101.29 carat Allnatt are examples of type Ia.

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