



GIA NATURAL DIAMOND GRADING REPORT

November 03, 2025
GIA Report Number *****4934
Shape and Cutting Style Pear Brilliant
Measurements 13.10 x 7.43 x 4.42 mm

GRADING RESULTS

Carat Weight 2.70 carat
Color Grade D
Clarity Grade Internally Flawless

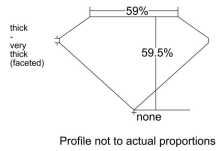
ADDITIONAL GRADING INFORMATION

Polish Excellent
Symmetry Excellent
Fluorescence None
Inscription(s): GIA *****4934
Comments: Surface graining is not shown.

GIA REPORT *****4934

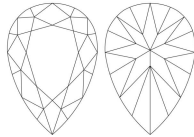
Verify this report at GIA.edu

PROPORTIONS



Profile not to actual proportions

CLARITY CHARACTERISTICS



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GRADING SCALES

Table showing GIA Color Scale (D-Z) and GIA Clarity Scale (FL to I1).



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DIAMOND TYPE CLASSIFICATION FOR GIA DIAMOND GRADING REPORT #*****4934

Scientists classify diamonds into two main "types" - type I and type II - based on the presence or absence of nitrogen which can replace carbon atoms in a diamond's atomic structure. These two diamond types can be distinguished on the basis of differences in their chemical and physical properties. Type II diamonds contain little if any nitrogen and they are subdivided into two groups (IIa and IIb) both of which are quite rare (less than 2% of all gem diamonds).

According to the records of the GIA Laboratory, the 2.70 carat Pear Brilliant diamond described in GIA Diamond Grading Report #*****4934 has been determined to be a type IIa diamond. Type IIa diamonds are the most chemically pure type of diamond and often have exceptional optical transparency. Type IIa diamonds were first identified as originating from India (particularly from the Golconda region) but have since been recovered in all major diamond-producing regions of the world.

Among famous gem diamonds, the 530.20 carat Cullinan I and the 105.60 carat Koh-i-noor are examples of type IIa.

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